

# PARISH COUNCIL of NEWLANDS



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Date: 22<sup>nd</sup> March 2024

Clerk to the Council: Karen Seear

You are summoned to attend the **HIGHWAYS AND GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE MEETING** of NEWLANDS PARISH COUNCIL as detailed below:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Karen Seear".

Clerk to the Council

TIME, DATE AND LOCATION	<b>7.30pm THURSDAY 28 MARCH 2024 at Newlands Community Hall, Newlands Avenue, Waterloooville, PO7 3BX</b>
MEMBERS:	Cllrs Anthony Berry (Chair), Paulette Bennett, Olivia Barneveld, Andy Kirby, and Lewes Price

- 1 **Apologies:** To receive any apologies for absence.
- 2 **Declarations of Interest:** Arising from this Agenda, Members and Officers are invited to declare any relevant interests. Notwithstanding this item, Members may subsequently declare an interest at any point during the meeting.
- 3 **Public Participation:** The meeting will recess for not more than 15 minutes so as to allow any members of the public to address the meeting. Please note - All items raised by public members kindly should be relevant to this committee.
- 4 **Minutes of the Previous Meeting:** To receive and agree the Minutes of the Highways and General Purposes Committee Meeting held on 15<sup>th</sup> February 2024 and sign.
- 5 **Outstanding Matters and Matters Arising:** To deal with any outstanding matters and matters arising.
- 6 **Adoption Update:** To receive an update. **To consider and agree any action.**
  - a) - Wellington Park
  - b) - Berewood
  - c) - Grainger bi-monthly meeting
- 7 **Correspondence:** To receive any items of correspondence relating to the committee, received by the council. **To consider and determine action.**  
-Barratt Homes remedial road works update.
- 8 **Street Names for phase 11:** Correspondence has been received from WCC requesting street names (previously circulated). **To consider and determine action.**
- 9 **Depot/Compound:** To receive an update on work to the compound. **To consider and agree action.**
- 10 **Allotments:** To receive any update. **To consider and determine action.**
- 11 **Speeding and Parking in the development:** To receive any update. **To consider and determine action.**

- 12 **Media and Communications sub-committee:** To consider the documents produced by Cllr Bennett for matters relating to the committee. To consider any other matters relating to the committee. **To discuss and consider action.**
- 13 **Other Reports:** To receive any other reports. **No decisions can be made.**

**Exempt Business:**

To pass a resolution in accordance with the Public Bodies (Admission to Meetings) Act 1960 to exclude the public and press for discussion of the following personnel or confidential matters where publicity might be prejudicial to the special nature of the business.

There are exempt items relating to allotment allocations.

## Public Participation at Parish Council Meetings

Members of the public have a legal right to attend meetings of a parish council and its committees, except where they are excluded (by a resolution of the meeting) for specific items which need to be discussed in confidence, for example, staffing matters or tenders for contracts.

They have no legal right to speak at meetings of the council or its committees.

However, as part of its community engagement the parish council will set aside time for public participation at meetings.

The Parish Council provides for public participation and it is not a good use of time for members of the public to complain about hedges, street lights, pot-holes and so forth during public participation. The best contact is the clerk about such issues on the principal authority. Participation is best used for issues where a decision will or could be made by the council, or for comments on items already on the agenda.

Principal authority councillors have no special rights at local council meetings, but it may be courteous to set aside time for them to report on current issues.

It is undesirable to allow members of the public to speak throughout the meeting as this runs the risk of confusing the roles of councillors, who participate in the meeting, and members of the public who observe it. A specific time is set aside for public participation and standing orders should say that the time will not exceed 10 minutes, with individual contributions being limited to 3 minutes. If there is a possibility that a large number of people will wish to speak, the chairman could encourage people not to repeat comments made by earlier speakers, or even ask for a single representative to be appointed. Even a large number of people will run out of original things to say quite quickly.

It is up to the council when to allow public participation. A good place is near the start of the meeting immediately after declaration of interests, so that everyone is aware if a member has a prejudicial interest.

Comments made during public participation could be (very briefly) minuted; there is certainly no need for a verbatim record. There is no need to minute the names of members of the public who speak but many councils do so (the names of councillors with a prejudicial interest speaking should however be recorded). Libellous, offensive and discriminatory comments should not be minuted as the council is liable for what is in its minutes even if someone else said it.

Neither councillors nor the clerk are under pressure to respond immediately to comments made during public participation other than those which relate to items on the agenda. A comment could be referred to the clerk to write to, or meet the speaker, or could form the basis for an agenda item at a future meeting. Members of the public do not have a right to force items onto the council agenda but a good council will want to respond to public concern in some way.

The public have a legal right to attend council and committee meetings but they don't have a right to disrupt them. Members of the public should not heckle or otherwise disrupt and should respect the rulings of the chair. The chairman of any meeting has an inherent right to exclude a disorderly person. The public have a legal right to be present so excluding one or more of them should be a last resort. Alternatively if there is serious disorder the chairman could adjourn the meeting for a short time to allow people to calm down. If the clerk or chairman knows that a meeting will be very contentious the police could be asked to attend.